IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

Agricom LTDA : CIVIL ACTION

Santiago, Chile :

:

vs. : NO.

Mediterranean Shipping Company S.A. Geneva: a/k/a Mediterranean Shipping Company (USA) Inc.: 420 Fifth Avenue:

New York, NY 10018-2702 :

COMPLAINT IN ADMIRALTY IN REM AND IN PERSONAM

Parties

- 1. Agricom, LTDA is a corporation with an office and place of business located in Santiago, Chile.
- 2. Plaintiff is a shipper and/or receiver/consignee of fruit who regularly imports its product on board ocean vessels arriving in the ports of Philadelphia.
- 3. Defendant, Mediterranean Shipping Company S.A. Geneva a/k/a Mediterranean Shipping Company (USA) Inc. (hereinafter "Mediterranean") is, on information and belief, a foreign corporation with an office and place of business located New York. At all times material hereto, Mediterranean was the owner, charterer and/or operator of the vessels involved in this shipment.
- 4. The vessels owned and/or operated by the above defendants have used the ports of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania discharged and loaded cargo therein, been supplied services and handled therein and are subject to service of process under the applicable rules of law in admiralty practice and the statutes of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

5. Plaintiff was the shipper, consignee or owner of the cargo described more further below, and brings this action on its own behalf and as agents and trustees on behalf of and for the interests of all parties who may be or become interested in said shipment, and cargo as their respective interests may ultimately appear, and plaintiff is duly entitled to maintain this action.

Jurisdiction and Venue

- 6. Plaintiff by and through its attorneys, Dugan, Brinkmann, Maginnis and Pace, hereby brings this suit against the defendant under the provisions of 28 U.S.C. §1333, as this is an admiralty and maritime claim within the meaning of Rule 9(h) and the supplemental Admiralty Rules of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. In addition, jurisdiction is invoked pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1377 as this is an action arising under an Act of Congress regulating commerce, specifically, the Carriage of Goods by Sea Act ("COGSA"), 46 U.S.C. §1300 *et seq.* and the Harter Act of 1893, 46 U.S.C. §\$190-196.
- 7. Venue lies within the Eastern District of Pennsylvania under the provisions of 28 U.S.C. §1391.

COUNT I

- 8. In or about October of 2013, in San Antonio, Chile, a shipment of fruit consigned to plaintiff was delivered in good order and condition aboard the M/V JENNIFER RICKMERS for transportation to the United States and delivered to the vessel in Chile in like good order and condition.
- 9. In or about October of 2013, the aforesaid shipment was loaded aboard said vessel and clean on-board bill of lading numbered MSCUTJ200439 for container numbered

MEDU9906540 was issued by Meditteranean acknowledging receipt on the vessel of the said shipment in good order and condition.

- 10. The cargo was then transferred to the vessel MSC FABIENNE for the remainder of the voyage.
- 11. Thereafter, various goods were delivered by the above named defendants to plaintiff, whereupon it was discovered that plaintiff's goods were not in like good order and condition as when received aboard the M/V JENNIFER RICKMERS, but were instead damaged, deteriorated in value and unfit for sale or use.
- 12. The aforesaid damage and loss of plaintiff's cargo was the result of breaches by the defendants of their obligations as a common carrier of goods, of breaches by them of the lawful terms and conditions of the bill of lading issued by it.
- 13. By reason of the breaches of the defendants of the lawful terms and conditions of the bill of lading issued by them and the breaches of these defendants and their obligations as common carriers of goods, plaintiff has sustained damage and loss in an amount in excess of Sixty-Eight Thousand Dollars (\$68,000.00).
- 14. The aforesaid damage and/or loss of plaintiff's cargo was caused by the unseaworthiness of the above named vessel and the negligence of the above-named defendants, their agents, servants and employees in:
 - a. failing to provide a seaworthy vessel and a seaworthy place for the care, handling, stowage and carriage of the aforesaid shipment;
 - b. failing to exercise due and proper care in the handling, stowing, carrying and discharge of said cargo;

- failing to safeguard properly said cargo and to prevent damage to it
 while in their custody and care;
 - d. failing to use proper care under the circumstances;
 - e. failing to provide the proper and requested temperature to the cargo;
 - f. failing to provide the proper controlled atmosphere; and
 - g. other and further particulars which will be shown at the time of trial.
- 15. By reason of all of the above defendants' negligence and lack of due care and the failure of the defendants to provide a seaworthy place for the handling, stowage, carriage and discharge of plaintiff's goods and the lack of appropriate stowage aboard the said vessels has suffered damages and loss in excess of Sixty-Eight Thousand Dollars (\$68,000.00).
- 16. Notice of claim and claim have been filed with the defendants, but they have failed and refused to pay all or any part of the loss which has been sustained by plaintiff.
- 17. All of the singular facts and matters set forth herein are true and within the jurisdiction of this Court.

WHEREFORE, plaintiff prays that:

- 1. Process in the due form of law, according to the practice of this Court issue against the defendant inviting them to appear and answer all and singular the matters aforesaid.
- 2. If the defendants cannot be found within this District, then all goods, chattels and equipment in the possession of any person, partnership or corporation owned by them or any vessels owned or operated by them or any equipment, storage or gear on any vessel be attached by process of attachment as provided in the admiralty Rules in the amount of Sixty-Eight Thousand Dollars (\$68,000.00).

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3. Process of attachment in any form of law according to the practice of this

Honorable Court in cases of admiralty jurisdiction issue against the above named vessels, their

engines, machinery, tackle, apparel, etc., and that all persons claiming interest in and to said vessels

be cited to appear and answer under oath all and singular the matters aforesaid, and that said vessel

be condemned and sold to pay the demands as aforesaid with interest and costs.

4. Judgment be entered on behalf of plaintiff and against the defendants plus

interest and costs of this action.

Plaintiff has such other and further relief in the premises and in law and justice

as it may be entitled to receive.

DUGAN, BRINKMANN, MAGINNIS AND PACE

BY:

EM871

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(215) 563-3500

ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF

Dated: March 31, 2014

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

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a/k/a Mediterranean Shipping Company (USA) Inc.	:	
420 Fifth Avenue	:	
New York, NY 10018-2702	:	

DISCLOSURE STATEMENT FORM

Pleas	se check one box:		
	The nongovernmental corporate part	ty,Plaintiff	
	in the above listed civil action does i	not have any parent corporation and publicl	
	held corporation that owns 10% or m	nore of its stock.	
	The nongovernmental corporate part		
	in the above listed civil action has the following parent corporation(s) and publicly		
	held corporation(s) that owns 10% or more of its stock:		
03-31	I-14	EM871	
Date		Signature	
	Counseld	for: Plaintiff	

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 7.1 Disclosure Statement

- (a) WHO MUST FILE: NONGOVERNMENTAL CORPORATE PARTY. A nongovernmental corporate party to an action or proceeding in a district court must file two copies of a statement that identifies any parent corporation and any publicly held corporation that owns 10% or more of its stock or states that there is no such corporation.
 - (b) TIME FOR FILING; SUPPLEMENTAL FILING. A party must:
 - (1) file the Rule 7.1(a) statement with its first appearance, pleading, petition, motion, response, or other request addressed to the court, and
 - (2) promptly file a supplemental statement upon any change in the information that the statement requires.